BOARD OF SUPERVISORS COUNTY OF YORK YORKTOWN, VIRGINIA

Ordinance

At a regular meeting of the York County Board of Supervisors held in the Board Room, York Hall, Yorktown, Virginia, on the day of, 2001:		
Prese	<u>Vote</u>	
Dona Walte Sheil	s S. Burgett, Chairman Id E. Wiggins, Vice Chairman or C. Zaremba a S. Noll Ashe	
adopt	On motion of, which carried, the following ordinance wed:	as
	AN ORDINANCE TO ADD A NEW SECTION 16-41, <u>GRAFFITI</u> , TO CHAPTER 16, OFFENSES—MISCELLANEOUS, YORK COUNTY CODE, DECLARING GRAFFITI TO BE A PUBLIC NUISANCE, DECLARING CERTAIN DEFACEMENT OF PUBLIC OR PRIVATE BUILDINGS TO BE A MISDEMEANOR, AND PROVIDING FOR REMOVAL OF GRAFFITI AT THE PROPERTY OWNER'S EXPENSE	
neous	BE IT ORDAINED by the York County Board of Supervisors this day, 2001, that a new section 16-41 be added to Chapter 16, Offenses—Miscell , York County Code, to read and provide as follows:	
Sec.	16-41. Graffiti	
(a)	Definition. "Graffiti" shall mean the unauthorized application by any means any writing, painting, drawing, etching, scratching or marking of an inscription word, mark, figure or design of any type on any public or private building other real estate or personal property owned, operated or maintained by a governmental entity or agency or instrumentality thereof or by any private personal firm, or corporation.	on, or v-
(b)	Graffiti prohibited; criminal penalty.	

It shall be unlawful for any person to willfully or maliciously deface or damage by application of graffiti any public buildings, facilities or other property, or any private buildings, facilities or other property if the dam-

(1)

age to the private property is less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00). Any person convicted of a violation of this subsection shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

- (2) Upon a finding of guilt in any case tried before the court without a jury, in the event the violation constitutes a first offense which results in property damage or loss, the court, without entering a judgment of guilt, upon motion of the defendant, may defer further proceedings and place the defendant on probation pending completion of a plan of community service work. If the defendant fails or refuses to complete the community service as ordered by the court, the court may make final disposition of the case and proceed as otherwise provided. If the community service work is completed as the court prescribes, the court may discharge the defendant and dismiss the proceedings against him. Discharge and dismissal under this section shall be without adjudication of guilt and is a conviction only for the purposes of applying the ordinance in subsequent proceedings.
- (3) Any community service ordered by the court shall, to the extent feasible, include the repair, restoration or replacement of any damage or defacement to property within the county and may include clean-up, beautification, landscaping or other appropriate community service within the county. The county administrator shall supervise the performance of any community service work required and to report thereon to the court imposing such requirement. At or before the time of sentencing under the ordinance, the court shall receive and consider any plan for making restitution or performing community service submitted by defendant. The court shall also receive and consider the recommendations of the court's supervisor of community services concerning the plan.
- (4) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person convicted of a violation of this ordinance shall be placed on probation or have his sentence suspended unless such person shall make at least partial restitution for such property damage or is compelled to perform community services, or both in accordance with Code of Virginia § 19.2-305.1, as it may be amended from time to time.
- (c) Parental liability for cost of graffiti. In the event graffiti is applied to any public property by a minor who is living with either or both parents or a legal guardian, the county may institute an action and recover from the parents of the minor, or either of them, or from the legal guardian the costs for damages suffered by reason of the willful or malicious destruction of, or damage to, public property by the minor. The action by the county shall be subject to any limitation of the amount of recovery set forth in Code of Virginia § 8.01-43 or other applicable state law.

- (d) Graffiti declared a nuisance. The existence of graffiti within the county in violation of this section is expressly declared a public nuisance, and is subject to the removal and abatement procedures specified in this section.
- (e) Removal of graffiti.
 - (1) The county administrator is authorized to undertake or contract for the removal or repair of the defacement of any public building, wall, fence or other structure by the application of graffiti.
 - (2) The county administrator is also authorized to undertake or contract for the removal or repair of the defacement by graffiti of any private building, wall, fence or other structure visible from any public right-of-way in accordance with the following procedures:
 - Prior to such removal of graffiti from private property, the county a. administrator shall issue to the property owner, by regular mail sent to the last address listed for the owner in county property assessment records, a notice which states: the street address and legal description of the property; that the property has been determined by the county to constitute a graffiti nuisance; that the owner must take corrective action to abate the nuisance created by such graffiti within fifteen (15) days of the date of the notice; and that if the graffiti is not removed within the 15-day period, the county will begin removal procedures, the cost of which shall by charged to the property owner, or may institute a legal action to require the property owner to remove or obscure the graffiti. Where the property owner fails to abate the nuisance within fifteen (15) days after issuance of the notice, the county administrator is authorized to undertake efforts forthwith to remove or obscure the graffiti.
 - b. Before entering upon private property for the purpose of graffiti removal, the county shall attempt to obtain the consent of the property owner, occupant or other responsible party.
 - c. In the event no owner or occupant or person responsible for the graffiti can be found to whom to direct the notice provided for in this subsection, the county, after giving fifteen (15) days notice in a newspaper having general circulation in the county, may proceed to remove or obscure the graffiti and charge the property owner for costs therefor as provided in (g.) below.
 - (3) Where a structure defaced by graffiti is owned by a public entity other than the county, the removal of the graffiti by the county is authorized only after securing the consent of an authorized representative of the public entity having jurisdiction over the structure.

- (4) In addition to the foregoing, the county administrator is authorized to institute appropriate legal action on behalf of the county, including but not limited to actions pursuant to Code of Virginia section 15.2-900, to compel the owner or owners of the subject property to abate or remove the graffiti at the owner's own cost.
- (f) Emergency removal of graffiti. If the county administrator determines that any graffiti is an immediate danger to public health, safety or welfare, then forty-eight (48) hours after the later of (1) mailing notice to the property owner or other responsible party, as provided above and (2) posting notice in a conspicuous place on the property, the county may remove or cause the graffiti to be removed. The county may bring an action against the property owner or other responsible party to recover the necessary costs reasonably required to remove or obscure the graffiti.
- (g) Assessment of costs against property owner for removal of graffiti.
 - (1) If the county undertakes corrective action to remove graffiti from private property after complying with the notice provisions of subsection (e)(2) above, the total cost for such removal and related repairs shall be chargeable to and paid by the property owner, and may be collected as a special assessment against the respective lot or parcel of land to which it relates in the manner in which county taxes and levies are collected.
 - (2) Every charge authorized by this section with which the owner of any such property has been assessed and which remains unpaid shall constitute a lien against such property with the same priority as liens for unpaid local taxes and enforceable in the same manner as such liens.
- (h) Nothing herein shall be deemed a limitation on the rights of the county to seek and enforce the removal or obscuration of graffiti by any other means or remedies available at law or equity.
- (i) Severability. If any part, subsection, or sentence of this section is for any reason determined by a court of law to be unconstitutional or invalid, such decision shall not affect the remaining portions of this section.